

A DOMESTIC INCIDENT.

From the Observer, Flushing, Mich.
"Early in November, 1894," says Frank Long, who lives near Lennon, Mich., "on starting to get up at the dinner table, I was taken with a pain in my back. The pain increased, and I was obliged to take to my bed. The physician who was summoned pronounced my case muscular rheumatism accompanied by lumbago. He gave me remedies and injected morphine into my arm to ease the pain."
"My disease gradually became worse until I thought that death would be welcome release from my sufferings. Besides my regular physician I also consulted another but he gave me no encouragement."



On Getting Up from the Table.

"I was finally induced through reading some accounts in the newspapers regarding the wonderful cures wrought by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, to try them. I took the pills according to directions and soon began to notice an improvement in my condition. Before the first box was used I could get about the house, and after using five boxes, was cured."
"Since that time I have felt no return of the rheumatic pains. I am confident that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills saved my life and I try to induce my friends who are sick to try the same remedy. I will gladly answer inquiries concerning my sickness and wonderful cure, provided stamp is enclosed for reply."

"FRANK LONG,
Sworn to before me at Venice, Mich., this 15th day of April, 1895.
O. B. GOLDSMITH, Justice of the Peace."

AT REAPING TIME.

The harvest supper has various names in England, among them being the mill supper, harvest supper and harvest home.

In Windsor, the farmers always crown the last day of the season with flowers, and an image, dressed to represent Ceres, is borne in a procession. The United States is about the only country which has no established harvest customs. In some parts harvest celebrations are held, but we have no traditions such as they have abroad.

In Bavaria the last sheaf is fashioned into the shape of a human being, with a stick in one hand, a wreath on his head, and around it the peasants kneel in prayer, not to the image, but to the Supreme Being.

In some parts of England it is the custom to throw water over the good-natured victims who ride in the cart bearing the last of the grain and the sport seems to afford as much merriment to the drenched as to the drenchers.

The best authorities regard the harvest festival as of Jewish origin and other nations followed the custom of offering up the first fruits of their fields to their gods. When the harvest was over the heads of heathen families were wont to feast with the servants. This led to the harvest supper which is now celebrated.

In Italy agriculture has made little progress, yet the season of the harvest is made one of continual festival. The mountain toilers gather in Rome and leave the city in companies, white-robed, decorated with bright ribbons, drawing their carts. Altars are erected in the fields and mass celebrated. In the evening singing, dancing and feasting conclude the celebration.

ART AND ARTISTS.

Two portraits by Rembrandt have just been added to the British national gallery.

The British museum has bought a collection of the drawings of the late George Du Maurier. The drawings include the originals of many of Du Maurier's best known society cartoons.

The remarkable statement is now going about, that since Meissonier's death his pictures are rapidly depreciating in value, and only the most moderate prices are being realized for those pictures still in the hands of his widow.

The Rembrandt society of Holland, which held its yearly meeting lately at Amsterdam, reports an expenditure of 30,025 florins during the year upon the purchase of paintings which would otherwise have gone into the collections of foreign purchasers and been lost to the Dutch nation.

Nearly all the recently deceased English artists have left good-sized fortunes. Edward Armitage was worth \$1,592,310; Sir John Gilbert, \$11,157,020; Sir John E. Millais, \$485,995; Sir Edward Burne-Jones, \$267,465; J. L. Pearson, \$239,729; Lord Leighton, \$239,190; W. C. T. Dobson, \$85,540; Stacy Marks, \$46,946, and Philip H. Calderon, \$30,515.

WAR SONGS OF THE NATIONS.

In Spain many traces of Roman war songs are to be found.

Spanish and Portuguese war songs were called romances.

The Turks have no war songs except those they have translated from other tongues.

The Cid, written in the twelfth century, has always been the martial inspiration of the Spaniards.

Julius Caesar had his men sing songs of triumph after a victory and some of the verses are in existence to-day.

Edward I. had the Welsh bards put to death because he thought they incited the soldiers to battle.

What the Cid is to Spain the Roland is to France. The "Chanson de Roland" has been sung since the eleventh century and has 1,500 verses.

Russian battle songs are written in minor keys and instead of being brilliantly martial are sad, telling of the soldier's fate.

Germany has much military music and that those in power appreciate the influence music has on soldiers is shown by the fact that the German army contains 10,000 musicians.

HIGH LIGHTS.

To bear disappointment bravely is to discount the fates.

Mingle folly with your wisdom, or nobody will associate with you.

We are well balanced when our wills can control our prejudices.

FOR THE PHILIPPINES.

Troops Designated for What Will Probably be the Final Expedition to the Philippine Islands.

San Francisco, Oct. 11.—Gen. Merritt has chosen the following forces to constitute the next and presumably the final expedition to the Philippine islands:

Third battalion, Twenty-third infantry, and Oregon recruits, 16 officers, 643 men.

Batteries A and D, California artillery, 80 officers, 297 men.

Wyoming light artillery, 2 officers, 105 men.

Nevada cavalry, 2 officers, 94 men.

First Washington infantry, 43 officers, 1,158 men.

Twentieth Kansas infantry, 35 officers, 1,121 men.

First Tennessee infantry, 35 officers, 1,065 men.

Thirty-first Iowa infantry, 43 officers, 1,044 men.

Totals, 191 officers, 5,579 men.

In most of the regiments a great falling off is to be observed, which is accounted for by absentees on sick furlough, on detached service in the general hospital and by discharges, desertions and deaths.

The battalion of the Twenty-third United States infantry and the recruits for the Second Oregon regiment have been designated for embarkation on the Senator, which will sail by the end of the week, and may carry 200 more men, probably one of the batteries of the California artillery.

TRANSPORT VESSELS.

Order in Which They Are Expected to Sail from San Francisco for the Philippines.

San Francisco, Oct. 11.—Work on the transport steamers Valencia, Indiana, Senator and Ohio is progressing, but it will not be Sunday at the earliest before the Senator, the first to be ready for sea, can be dispatched. It is probable that she will carry the Twenty-third United States infantry and the recruits of the Second Oregon regiment.

The Valencia will be ready some time next week, but the troops to go on her have not been assigned. The Ohio and Indiana need extensive repairs.

The transports Rio de Janeiro, Pennsylvania and Newport are expected to put in an appearance at any time. The Rio de Janeiro has a number of sick soldiers on board.

REVOLUTION IN FRANCE.

The Situation in Paris Favorable to the Development of a Prominent French Trait of Character.

Paris, Oct. 11.—The city is simply swarming with troops, and providing the officers in command will obey the orders of the administration, danger to the republic may be averted. But it must thoroughly be understood that at the present moment the military element absolutely controls the entire situation here. The troops have for once availed the mob by their very numbers. If their leaders remain loyal to the republic, all well and good. But if these leaders, with the object of preserving themselves from the inevitable disgrace consequent upon a revision of the Dreyfus trial, decide to overthrow the government and to inaugurate a military dictatorship by means of a coup d'etat, nothing in the world can stop them.

AN INVULNERABLE POWER.

St. Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, British Secretary for the Colonies, Quoted by the Paris Evening Post.

Paris, Oct. 11.—The Evening publishes the substance of an interview with Mr. Chamberlain, the secretary of state for the colonies, who is now in America, in which the Englishman is quoted as saying he considers the United States, owing to the recent war, to be in the same position as Great Britain in Egypt, adding that the United States has the same imperative duty to keep the Philippine islands. Mr. Chamberlain is said to have added: "The moment has arrived for the United States to prepare for an extension of its territory, and in order to realize this ideal she will not refuse Great Britain's support. United, Great Britain, the United States and Canada will be invulnerable."

THE STEAMER CLEVELAND.

A Cranky Old Vessel, with a Full Cargo and Large Passenger List, Overdue and Unreported.

San Francisco, Oct. 11.—The steamer Cleveland was scheduled to arrive on September 22 from St. Michaels, but has not arrived, and neither has she been reported by incoming vessels. Some alarm is felt for her safety, as she is a cranky vessel, and has been in trouble many times. She may not have left St. Michaels on her scheduled sailing date, and this may account for her non-appearance. She is supposed to have a full cargo and a large passenger list.

TO SUPPRESS TRAIN ROBBERY.

Express Companies to Unite Against the Knights of the Road and Suppress Them.

Kansas City, Mo., Oct. 11.—Express company officials from several western cities met here yesterday, and agreed to act together in suppressing train robbery. Plans to that end were agreed upon, but will be kept secret. The superintendents of the Pacific, American, Wells-Fargo, United States and Adams express companies were present.

Aguinaldo Backed Down.

Manila, Oct. 11.—Lieut. Wilcox and six men from the flagship Olympia have gone to the northern provinces.

Aguinaldo yesterday refused to permit a funeral party belonging to the British first-class cruiser Powerful to go to the cemetery because they carried rifles with them to fire the usual salute over the remains of a member of the ship's company. Representations were made to the insurgent leader yesterday, with the result that the funeral was held in the manner and at the place proposed.

WHAT SHALL IT PROFIT THEM?

Supposing That the Democrats Elect a Majority in the House of Representatives.

"Would it help the democratic party to control the next house of representatives?"

If this question has not already occurred to serious-minded members of the democratic party, it will probably be gravely pondered by such men before the end of this year's political campaign is reached.

They are likely to recall the fact that it has frequently happened that in the middle of a republican administration they have carried the house and then lost the presidency two years afterwards. As a rule, it has not been difficult to trace the causes of their defeat. Assuming the republicans to have been successful in the election, they will find themselves in a position to carry out a policy of their own, with the result that while it has been shown that the people might have been displeased in minor particulars with the policy of the administration, in grand essentials they were in accord with it.

Now, suppose the democrats elect a majority of the house of representatives in November? What will be the first effect? That party will instantly assume that the republicans are discredited; that its views on the currency are obnoxious to the people; that its conduct of the war is not approved, and that grand and radical changes are imperatively demanded. Immediately the democratic leaders will address themselves to the task of formulating their pet and personal theories. In all possible ways the administration will be embarrassed. The work of solving the great questions raised by the war will be brought to a standstill, for naturally the democratic party, now regarding itself as on the crest of popular favor, will desire to obtain all credit and distinction possible to be gained by the settlement of the war questions.

A chaotic condition thus is brought about, and the people will begin to wonder if they did not make a fatal mistake when they checked the work which was in progress. When they began to speculate in that manner it is not difficult to divine what they will do in 1900, or hard to imagine where the democratic party will find itself when the election returns come in that year.

It can be said in all sincerity, in view of the great questions which are to be adjusted, that the republican party rather than the democratic party can better afford to lose the house of representatives this year.

But what will such reverse cost the country? What may it lose not only in prestige but in material affairs of the greatest weight and importance? Democratic victory this year will certainly set back the hands of time for two full years. The ear of progress will be stopped. The development of the nation will be checked. Questions perplexing and dangerous will be raised. Complications may be brought about which will cause the people the deepest concern, if not most serious loss.

Democratic victory in November will conjure again evils which it was thought had been laid away forever. The country will be plunged into all sorts of trials and tribulations. How easily this is done was shown in the terrible transformation the country went through from 1892, the year of unparalleled prosperity, to 1893, a year of widespread distress and misery.

All this is possible. The republican party will not have a walkover this year. It will have to fight for every inch of ground it obtains. The warning has been given, and if it is neglected the people may suffer, as they have suffered before when they say: "A change is necessary, for it can bring no harm."

A change this year will bring unnumbered evils.—Albany Journal.

DEMOCRATIC HOPES.

They Expect to Achieve Success Through Dissension Among the Republicans.

It is a good thing for democrats to comfort themselves with republican differences. It pleases them, and they do so loudly that it instructs the surrounding universe. They want republicans to fall foul of each other about candidates or else about factions, and they frankly say so. They hope that some republicans will run outside tickets for the benefit of democratic candidates for congress and the assembly, and kindly say so. They are glad to know that a nomination by an independent body is to some republicans a hindrance, and say so loudly. They are to be thanked for their candor.

It is not necessary to go far afield to find the source of this deep interest in republican doings. The democratic organizations are under the unpleasant necessity this year of saying yes or no on the Bryan question. That does not mean the free silver question alone. If it did, the problem would be for many comparatively easy. A free silver party could not carry New York unless the republicans were badly divided, as everyone knows. But a man who holds Bryan's notions about the supreme court and about the rights of labor or other organizations to get up riots without interference would not carry any state where the people have sense enough for self-government, and yet a mixture of these questions with the dislike of some people for war, and of some other people for the way the war has been conducted, is the total stock in trade of the democratic party.

That is a large stock, if the republicans see fit to enlarge it. If every man who did not think the war necessary, or thinks it was not waged exactly as it should have been, betakes himself to the party of Bryan for expression of his feelings, the so-called silver party may record some apparent gains. But if democrats hope to win for Bryanism through republican dissension they are likely to be disappointed. The average republican is not quite destitute of sense, and knows that it cannot pay to put political adversaries into power merely because he has faults to find with such accounts as he has seen of existing conditions or recent events.—N. Y. Tribune.

THE MUGWUMP HEGIRA.

Independent Business Men Are Leaving the Foundering Hulk of Democracy.

The mugwumps of New York are following Roosevelt. With the rough rider as candidate for governor on a platform pledging that the republican party will be faithful to the responsibility which the war has created, there are no mugwumps or independents in New York. Joseph H. Choate and Seth Low were a year ago shining lights in the organization that controlled 150,000 votes in Greater New York. To-day they and their associates are enthusiastic in support of Roosevelt.

It is not personal animosity or friendship that carries them to the candidacy of the republican organization, but devotion to the war policy and the annexation policy which he represents. The republican platform in New York declares against the return of the Philippines to Spain and emphasizes the point that, having assumed the responsibilities of victory, we must maintain forever our flag where it has been raised. This is the platform of the given republican administration as well as of the convention that nominated Roosevelt. It is an ideal patriot on a patriot's platform that has brought men like Seth Low and Mr. Choate into the republican organization.

Confronted by the expansion policy of the republican party on one hand and the policy of weak surrender of the democrats on the other, thousands of the business men of New York who built up the citizens' union are now aligning themselves with the republicans. They not only favor the candidate for governor, but are strongly in sympathy with the McKinley doctrine enunciated in the New York platform. Whether mugwumps, independents or democrats, they supported McKinley in 1896 and they endorse his war policy now. So it has happened that through the courage of the republicans and the cowardice and copperheadism of the democrats the mugwump has been eliminated from New York politics. Given the choice between the expansion policy of the administration and the anti-American policy of the democrats, the non-partisan idealists and the independent business men of New York have chosen as did the same classes in 1894 and 1896. Nothing that has occurred in politics in the last 20 years has given more encouragement to those who believe in the high mission and future greatness of the United States than this hegira of the New York mugwumps. The next congressional delegation from the Empire state will be as strong for the war policy as is the present one.

In the meantime, what are our Illinois mugwumps doing? Do they stand with Algedor or McKinley? Are they starting our government and whining over the casualties of the war, like Carter H. Harrison, or supporting the policy of congress and the president—the policy of Dewey, Wheeler and Lee? Are they standing with war democrats and republicans, in support of congressional candidates who favor expansion, or are they training with those who advocate surrender of all we have gained through war? The New York mugwumps have spoken. Have the Illinois mugwumps the courage to define their attitude on the greatest issue that has confronted the nation since the war for the union?—Chicago Inter Ocean.

WHAT MADE BAILEY GREAT.

The Texas Democratic Leader's Fame Rests on His Voice and Frock Coat.

A deep voice and a frock coat with an assumed affection for the constitution made young Bailey, of Gainesville, Tex., a leader of the democrats in the house in Washington.

Deep voices and frock coats have fooled other people than the democrats in congress. A very bad speech, spoken slowly, well down in the throat, with sweeping gestures and facial convulsions has been known to captivate large numbers of decent-looking people who never think but with their ears.

The human voice in 1896 broke the democratic party into two hostile pieces, only in this instance the man with the voice wore an alpaca coat. In the state of Ohio the democratic man now hear Bill Allen's voice and Bill has been dead for a long time.

Reputed right and left by weary democrats of all degrees, young Bailey remains the idol of his district. He has been renominated and will return to Washington for another term, chastened by adversity, but the same Bailey, the same custodian of the constitution and worshiper of the same honor, wide trousers, low waistcoat and black wool hat.

The general foolishness of the Bryanites is proved by their leaders. Who but Bryanites would have followed Bailey? Up hill and down dale they marched behind him until he led them into contempt and disgrace by his unpatriotic course in congress during the days when the republic was actually preparing for war. Too late the Bryanites saw their miserable blunder, but when they did perceive it Bailey led no more.

The rise and fall of Bailey are what might have been expected. Almost any one can be a Bryanite leader. The whole Bryan movement is founded on fraud and ignorance. In Bailey's voice in his frock coat, in his windy and solemn solicitude for the constitution, the Bryanites in congress saw statecraft, emancipation from the diabolical money power, whatever that may be, and votes. Who but a great and good man, said they, talks from his stomach? Who but a statesman can expound the constitution? Who but a genuine leader wears long tails to his coat and a slouch hat which actually went so far as to believe that Bailey might be president? Their dream is over. Bailey will come back to congress, it is true, but not as a possible candidate for president. He has made himself offensive to sensible people, and the Bryanites who followed him into disloyal action no longer love him. He made Jack asses and something worse of them and they knew it. By and by they will get the full measure of Bryan himself.

There is one thing to be said about Bryan, however. He is not a stupid and solemn fraud like Bailey; he is cheerful and shrewd, and therefore will last longer. Baileyism at least is dead.—Cleveland Leader.

The Cost of Freeing Cuba.

The United States are certainly entitled to retain possession of the Philippine islands if the peace commissioners so decide, for the cost of the war runs far into the millions, and the end is not yet. The money paid out reaches an astonishing total. To free the stomach, liver, bowels and blood of disease, however, is not an expensive undertaking. A few dollars invested in Hostetter's Stomach Bitters will accomplish the task easily. The poor as well as the rich can afford it.

The Font of Knowledge.

Mr. De Science.—The officers of the Smithsonian institution are having the chatter of monkeys photographed, in the hope that in time their language may be understood, and it may be possible to converse with them.

Mrs. De Science.—Isn't that grand? I hope they'll ask the monkeys, the very first thing, whether we are descended from them or not.—N. Y. Weekly.

Too General.

Smithson.—You can always judge a man by the company he keeps.

Johnson.—That's pretty rough on a jailer of a prison, isn't it?—Illustrated American.

Dear Editor:—If you know of a solicitor or canvasser in your city or elsewhere, especially a man who has solicited for subscriptions, insurance, nursery stock, books or tailoring, or a man who can sell goods, you will confer a favor by telling him to correspond with us; or if you will insert this notice in your paper and such parties will cut this notice out and mail to us, we may be able to furnish them a good position in their own and adjoining counties. Address: AMERICAN WOOLLEN MILLS CO., Chicago.

Not at All Afraid.

"They say," he suggested, just to see how she would take it, "that disease may be communicated by kisses."

"I'm an immune," she replied, promptly. "I course her fearlessness was rewarded."

Coughing Leads to Consumption.

Kemp's Balsam will stop the Cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Large bottles 25 and 50 cents. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

Life is made up of meetings, greetings and partings.—Life.

Something very soothing in the use of St. Jacobs Oil for Neuralgia, Sciatica and Cures.

Many a pair of patent leather shoes cover socks that are full of holes.—Washington (La.) Democrat.

You Can Get Allen's Foot-Ease FREE.

Write to-day to Allen S. Olmsted, Box 832, Le Roy, N. Y., for a FREE sample of Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to shake into your shoes. It cures swollen, aching, tired feet. The greatest comfort discovery of the age. An instant relief for Corns and Bunions. All druggists and shoe stores sell it. 25 cents.

You are always hearing of people who are in it; well, there are different kinds of "its" to be in.—Atchison Globe.

S. R. Baldwin writes: "After trying Soothing Remedies without avail, and physicians without relief, I gave Dr. Moffet's Teething (Teething Powder), and they acted like magic. I occasionally gave a powder to keep my child's gums softened." TEETHING AIDS Digestion, Regulates the Bowels and makes baby robust and healthy.

Judge:—"You say the defendant turned and resisted to the dog. What followed?" Intelligent Witness:—"The dog."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Cure Rheumatism with St. Jacobs Oil—Promptly. Saves money, time and suffering.

Ideals are pleasant, steady company, but they are inclined to be tyrannical when they are wedded to.—Detroit Journal.

I have used Pico's Cure for Consumption both in my family and practice.—Dr. G. W. Patterson, Inkster, Mich., Nov. 5, 1894.

People frequently ask your opinion merely to get to express their own.—Washington (La.) Democrat.

Hall's Catarrh Cure Is taken Internally. Price 75c.

Many a pair of patent leather shoes cover socks that are full of holes.—Washington (La.) Democrat.

Deep as is the Sciatic nerve, St. Jacobs Oil will penetrate and cure Sciatica.

There's something crooked about the business of a cork-screw manufacturer.—Chicago Daily News.

To Cure a Cold in One Day Take Laxative Broom Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

We have but little respect for a man who can't cover the easiest way to do things.—Washington (La.) Democrat.

Bad, Worse, Worst Sprain. Good, Better, Best Remedy.—St. Jacobs Oil.

Nothing makes a man so sad as to have a girl jolly him.—Chicago Daily News.

FIFTY YEARS OLD

Why let your neighbors know you are old? And why give them a chance to guess you are even five or ten years more? Better give them good reasons for guessing the other way. It is easy; for nothing tests of age so quickly as gray hair.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

Is a youth-renewer. It hides the age under a luxuriant growth of hair the color of youth.

It never fails to restore color to gray hair. It will stop the hair from coming out also.

It feeds the hair bulbs. Thin hair becomes thick, and short hair becomes long hair.

It cleanses the scalp; removes all dandruff, and prevents its formation.

We have a book on the Hair which we will gladly send you.

If you do not obtain all the benefits you expect from the use of the Vigor, write the doctor about it. Probably there is some difficulty with your general system which may be easily removed. Address, Dr. J. C. Ayer, Lowell, Mass.

Baileysm at least is dead.—Cleveland Leader.

MRS. PINKHAM TALKS TO THE FUTURE WOMAN.

Will the New Generation of Women be More Beautiful or Less So? Miss Jessie Elmer's Experience.



A pleasing face and graceful figure! These are equipments that widen the sphere of woman's usefulness. How can a woman have grace of movement when she is suffering from some disorder that gives her those awful bearing-down sensations? How can she retain her beautiful face when she is nervous and racked with pain?

Young women, think of your future and provide against ill health. Mothers, think of your growing daughter, and prevent in her as well as in yourself irregularity or suspension of nature's duties.

If puzzled, don't trust your own judgment. Mrs. Pinkham will charge you nothing for her advice; write to her at Lynn, Mass., and she will tell you how to make yourself healthy and strong.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound strengthens the female organs and regulates the menses as nothing else will. Following is a letter from Miss JESSIE ELMER, 1712 West Jefferson St., Sandusky, Ohio.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I feel it my duty to let you know of the great benefit your remedies have been to me. I suffered for over a year with inflammation of the ovaries. I had doctored, but no medicine did me any good. Was at a sanatorium for two weeks. The doctor thought an operation necessary, but I made up my mind to give your medicine a trial before submitting to that. I was also troubled with leucorrhoea, painful menstruation, dizziness, nervousness, and was so weak that I was unable to stand or walk. I have taken in all several bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Blood Purifier, and am now in good health. I will always give your medicine the highest praise."

Ask Mrs. Pinkham's Advice—A Woman best Understands a Woman's Ills.



Arrested for not chewing Battle Ax PLUG

"He don't chew Battle Ax, yer Honor."

"He looks it!"

Ignorance of the Law is no excuse, but ignorance of BATTLE AX is your misfortune—not a crime—and the only penalty is your loss in quantity as well as quality when you buy any other kind of Chewing Tobacco.

Remember the name when you buy again.

"FOOL'S HASTE IS NAE SPEED." DON'T HURRY THE WORK UNLESS YOU USE

SAPOLIO